

WP1

Summary, outcomes and future perspectives.

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WP1

Next Generation barrier Packaging Composites

The main training objective of NEWGENPAK was to train “next generation sustainable packaging researchers” through interdisciplinary training and individual research projects.

The objectives of WP1 were then related to the development of:

- i. **water-borne biopolymer-based coating systems** combining high solids content and competitive barrier properties,
- ii. **a computational model** to identify the key interactions between biopolymer, plasticizer and clay that give rise to the excellent barrier properties of coatings and self-supporting films,
- iii. **hybrid nanocomposite films** containing nanocellulose and nanoclays for advanced packaging applications
- iv. **a gas permeation model** which can be used to deliver the desired mass transport properties of industrial nanocomposites and coatings and reliably describe critical structure-property relationships.

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FINAL TOPICS

ESR-1

- Rheological properties and microstructures of coating dispersions and their impact on the architecture of the dry coating layer.

ESR-2

- Using nanoscale computational models to probe the barrier properties of dry, clay-based coatings.

ESR-3

- Novel hybrid PLA based nanocellulose/nanoclay composites for food packaging applications.

ESR-4

- MFC-PLA multilayer films as sustainable gas barriers for packaging applications.

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OUTCOMES

ESR-1

- ✓ A novel method to produce starch-based temperature responsive silica dispersions was presented, and their rheological properties were analysed
- ✓ Information about the dispersions structure was extracted from the rheological measurements.

FUTURE PERSPECTIVES

- Analysis of Wet/Dry structure organization in starch-based temperature responsive kaolin dispersions with higher relevance to barrier coatings.
- Study of controlled release and immobilization active agent used in paper coating
- Dispersion structure control in relation to packaging design, 3D futures, etc.

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OUTCOMES

ESR-2

- ✓ Realistic computational models were produced which simulate swelling behaviour of clay in water and plasticiser and provides excellent match to experimental observations
- ✓ Direct correlation between clay layer charge, clay charge location and conformations of bio-polymer in the clay interlayer has been identified

FUTURE PERSPECTIVES

- Develop a range of realistic models for modified organo-clays to describe their influence on polymer-clay composite structure
- Develop a coarse-grained model to investigate the absorption characteristics of various types of clay
- Use of cutting edge mesoscale techniques to probe self-assembly of polymer-clay nanocomposites

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OUTCOMES

ESR-3

- ✓ New PLA – Nanoclay – NFC composites films were produced with improved:
 - Barrier properties against water and oxygen
 - Thermal Stability
 - Crystallization behaviour
- ✓ Effect of crystallinity on barrier properties was investigated and discussed

FUTURE PERSPECTIVES

- Analysis of innovative materials for active packaging applications.
- Define novel, industrially relevant, optimization strategies to enhance the barrier properties.
- Scale up the Nanocomposite production using industrially relevant procedures

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OUTCOMES

ESR-4

- ✓ MFC coated PLA films were obtained with improved O₂ barrier properties with respect to pure biopolymer which are maintained up to 60% RH.
- ✓ Water sorption and diffusion in MFC can be correlated to O₂ permeation data through a simple phenomenological model.

FUTURE PERSPECTIVES

- Define protocols and procedures to produce multilayer films. Scaling up the production process.
- Study the physical meaning of different parameters of the initial model in order to obtain reliable structure-properties relationships

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OUTCOMES

The objectives of WP1 were then related to the development of:

- i. water-borne biopolymer-based coating systems with high barrier properties
- ii. hybrid nanocomposite films for packaging application
- iii. a computational model for clay based nanocomposites
- iv. a gas permeation model for nanocomposites and coatings

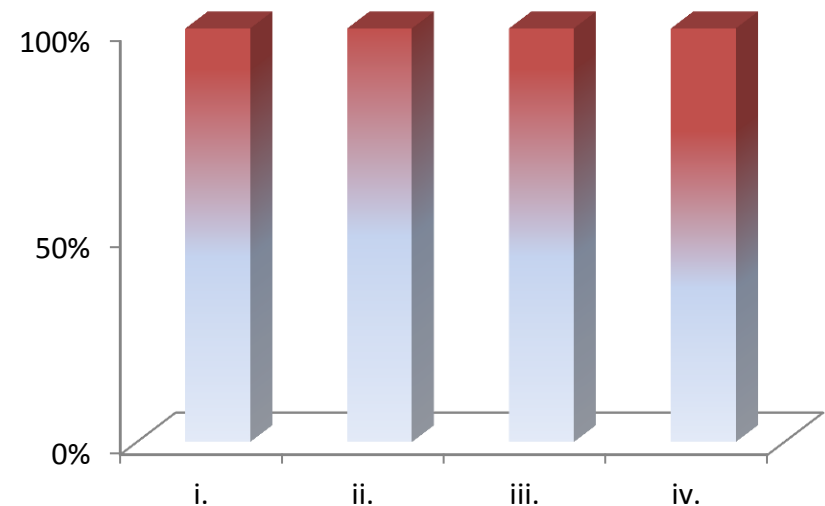
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OUTCOMES

The main training objective of NEWGENPAK was to train “next generation sustainable packaging researchers” through interdisciplinary training and individual research projects.

Young researchers with:

- ✓ High independence in research and laboratory activities
- ✓ High level of interdisciplinarity
- ✓ Positive working attitude
- ✓ Good social skills
- ✓ Experience in presenting and discussing their work

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FUTURE PERSPECTIVES

Promoting the bio-based economy for a better world.

Continuing my career in the research and development of sustainable packaging materials.

Going to long vacation in a warm country.

Carrying on with honing and developing new skills and knowledge for the sake of usefulness.

Looking for new opportunities in academia.

Find a position related to my research field in academia/industry.



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Thank you

